# 1. CONSTRUCTION STREAM

Categories:

- 1.1. Construction of densified rental housing for social needs.
- 1.2. Expansion of existing overcrowded or over-occupied housing.
- 1.3. Construction of densified community rental housing

# **REQUIREMENTS (all categories)**

Construction must comply with current provincial and national building codes. In addition, inspection reports or certificates must be available for ISC compliance once work is completed.

### IMPORTANT

Inspection reports or certificates must be signed by qualified inspectors.<sup>1</sup>

1-Inspection before foundations are backfilled (if applicable)

2-Inspection before walls are closed

3-Final inspection

<sup>1</sup> Compliance inspections must be performed by qualified professionals who are accredited by a recognized professional body and have the necessary skills. This could include, for example, an organization such as the First Nations National Building Officers Association (FNNBOA) or an architect, engineer or building technologist.

### **Environmental regulations**

All projects are subject to federal legislation, standards and permits, regardless of their environmental risk. Therefore, First Nations must ensure their projects comply with all applicable environmental legislation. Your regional office can provide you with more details.

### Flood and erosion zone

You must ensure that all lot servicing and housing construction projects are not located in restricted areas such as flood and erosion zones.

Recipients will be responsible for all cost overruns.

### **PROPOSAL** (all categories)

To submit a proposal, you must:

- 1) Complete the proposal form
  - Proposal Form Housing Construction Project
- 2) Include the required project documents:
  - Project plan or sketch
  - Project location plan
  - Cost estimates
  - Radon test results (if applicable to Category 1.2)
- 3) Include the Band Council resolution expressing its support for the project.
- 4) Send your proposal to:
   <u>aadnc.qclogementhousingqc.aandc@canada.ca</u>

### **APPLICATION PERIODS (all categories)**

| Categories   | Application period        | Duration |
|--|---------------------------|----------|
| 1.1 Construction of densified rental housing for<br>social needs   | March 15 to May 10, 2019  | 8 weeks  |
| 1.2 Expansion of existing overcrowded or<br>over-occupied housing* | March 15 to June 28, 2019 | 15 weeks |
| 1.3 Construction of densified community rental<br>housing*         | March 15 to June 28, 2019 | 15 weeks |

\*For these categories, projects may be submitted beyond this period. They will be kept in the regional contingency list until the end of the initiative (March 31, 2021) in the event that financial resources become available. Eligibility, selection and prioritization exercises for these projects will be conducted when additional budgets are confirmed (if applicable).



### 1.1 Construction of densified rental housing for social needs

This financial assistance focuses on construction of *affordable*<sup>1</sup> and *financially viable*<sup>2</sup> housing units that can support the social needs of the community for the most vulnerable members and families, such as seniors and persons with disabilities, single-parent families and families on social assistance.

<sup>1</sup> "Affordable" means:

A housing unit that meets the household's financial ability to pay rent and should not exceed 30% of its total income.

<sup>2</sup> "Financially viable" means:

A housing unit whose construction has been completed and based on financial viability on the basis of sufficient sources of income to ensure the longevity of the housing and the sustainability of its life cycle.

# ELIGIBILITY

Eligible recipients:

- Band Councils.
- First Nations organizations;

To be eligible, a project must:

Be located on a lot that is serviced or in the process of being serviced (if necessary, it
must be shown that servicing it will not jeopardize the completion of the construction
project).

The following are **not** eligible:

- Housing that is not designated as units to support social needs;
- Health centres;
- Reimbursement of any construction, including houses under agreement for CMHC's section 95 On-Reserve Non-Profit Housing Program;
- Furniture.

First Nations have the opportunity to submit proposals for various types of densified housing units based on their needs and priorities (e.g., semi-detached, duplex, triplex, quadruplex, tiny houses on densified lots, innovative approaches, etc.). Each community will be able to submit a construction proposal for a maximum of six housing units a year.

However, a community may submit a construction proposal for <u>more than</u> six units if it is able to carry out the project within ISC's maximum financial assistance or with additional sources of funding, while complying with current provincial and national building codes.

Recipients must ensure that the project is viable in the long term and that a rental regime is implemented and/or sufficient revenues are allocated to ensure this viability. Proof may be requested by ISC during the proposal review process.



# Table 1.1: Subsidies – Construction of densified rental housing for social needs

| Community<br>Community<br>1.1 <u>Maximum</u><br>ISC subsidy <sup>1,2</sup><br>per housing<br>unit (\$) |             | Community |    | 1.1 Maximum<br>ISC subsidy <sup>1,2</sup><br>per housing<br>unit (\$) |         |
|--|-------------|-----------|----|---|---------|
| 50   | Wendake     | 155,800   | 73 | Kitigan Zibi  | 172,100 |
| 51   | Listiguj    | 172,100   | 74 | Barriere Lake   | 172,100 |
| 52   | Gesgapegiag | 172,100   | 75 | Mistissini  | 189,200 |
| 55   | Pikogan     | 172,100   | 76 | Mashteuiatsh  | 172,100 |
| 56   | Waswanipi   | 189,200   | 77 | Wemotaci  | 172,100 |
| 57   | Eastmain    | 261,100   | 78 | Manawan   | 172,100 |
| 58   | Chisasibi   | 261,100   | 79 | Opitciwan   | 189,200 |
| 59   | Nemaska     | 261,100   | 80 | Uashat Mak Mani Utenam  | 172,100 |
| 60   | Wemindji    | 261,100   | 81 | Kawawachikamach   | 261,100 |
| 61   | Waskaganish | 261,100   | 82 | Ekuanitshit   | 172,100 |
| 63   | Lac Simon   | 172,100   | 83 | Natashquan  | 189,200 |
| 64   | Timiskaming | 189,200   | 84 | Unamen Shipu  | 280,800 |
| 65   | Kipawa      | 189,200   | 85 | Pessamit  | 172,100 |
| 67   | Long Point  | 172,100   | 86 | Essipit   | 172,100 |
| 69   | Kanesatake  | 155,800   | 87 | Matimekush  | 261,100 |
| 70   | Kahnawake   | 155,800   | 88 | Pakua Shipi   | 280,800 |
| 71   | Wolinak     | 155,800   | 89 | Ouje-Bougoumou  | 189,200 |
| 72   | Odanak      | 155,800   | 95 | Whapmagoostui   | 305,600 |

<sup>1</sup>The subsidy includes:

- The foundation;
- Administration and project management costs of 7% (2% administration + 5% project management);
- Inspection fees are included in the project management costs.

<sup>2</sup>ISC construction subsidies are based on Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation's (CMHC) Maximum Unit Price (MUP 2018). The rates used correspond to a semi-detached unit with 3 bedrooms and a foundation (standard, unfinished). ISC subsidies in Table 1.1 *represent 80% of the MUP.* Thus, an investment from the community may be required to reach the maximum price per housing unit established by the MUP for social needs.



# 1.2 Expansion of existing overcrowded or over-occupied rental units

This financial assistance is focused primarily on the expansion of existing social housing units that have been shown to be overcrowded or over-occupied (high occupancy rate).<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Proof will be assessed during the review of the proposals based on the information submitted.

Eligible funding for expansions (e.g., extension on piles, addition of a second floor, construction of basement rooms and innovative approaches, etc.) includes the cost for bedrooms and an additional bathroom, based on documented evidence of need and the current state of overcrowding and the over-occupancy of the housing unit.

### IMPORTANT

The addition of a basement bedroom is only acceptable if radon tests are done and show that the level of radon is below is 200 Bq. https://www.canada.ca/en/health-canada/services/environmental-workplace-health/reports-publications/radiation/radon-your-home-health-canada-2009.html

### ELIGIBILITY

Eligible recipients:

Band Councils

The following are not eligible:

- Individually owned homes;
- Homes under agreement for CMHC's section 95 On-Reserve Non-Profit Housing Program.

# Table 1.2: Subsidies – Expansion of existing overcrowded or over-occupied housing

|    | Community<br>1.2 <u>Maximum</u><br>ISC subsidy <sup>1,2</sup><br>per housing<br>unit (\$) |        | Community |                        | 1.2 <u>Maximum</u><br>ISC subsidy <sup>1,2</sup><br>per housing<br>unit (\$) |
|----|---|--------|-----------|------------------------|--|
| 50 | Wendake   | 40,000 | 73        | Kitigan Zibi           | 40,000   |
| 51 | Listiguj  | 40,000 | 74        | Barriere Lake          | 40,000   |
| 52 | Gesgapegiag   | 40,000 | 75        | Mistissini             | 45,100   |
| 55 | Pikogan   | 40,000 | 76        | Mashteuiatsh           | 40,000   |
| 56 | Waswanipi   | 45,100 | 77        | Wemotaci               | 40,000   |
| 57 | Eastmain  | 62,200 | 78        | Manawan                | 40,000   |
| 58 | Chisasibi   | 62,200 | 79        | Opitciwan              | 45,100   |
| 59 | Nemaska   | 62,200 | 80        | Uashat Mak Mani Utenam | 40,000   |
| 60 | Wemindji  | 62,200 | 81        | Kawawachikamach        | 62,200   |
| 61 | Waskaganish   | 62,200 | 82        | Ekuanitshit            | 40,000   |
| 63 | Lac Simon   | 40,000 | 83        | Natashquan             | 45,100   |
| 64 | Timiskaming   | 45,100 | 84        | Unamen Shipu           | 66,900   |
| 65 | Kipawa  | 45,100 | 85        | Pessamit               | 40,000   |
| 67 | Long Point  | 40,000 | 86        | Essipit                | 40,000   |
| 69 | Kanesatake  | 40,000 | 87        | Matimekush             | 62,200   |
| 70 | Kahnawake   | 40,000 | 88        | Pakua Shipi            | 66,900   |
| 71 | Wolinak   | 40,000 | 89        | Ouje-Bougoumou         | 45,100   |
| 72 | Odanak  | 40,000 | 95        | Whapmagoostui          | 72,900   |

### <sup>1</sup> The subsidy includes:

- Administration and project management costs of 7% (2% administration + 5% project management);
- Inspection fees are included in the project management costs.

<sup>2</sup>Expansion subsidies represent maximum indexed funding (indexing based on a remoteness index calculated according to variances between the geographical areas of CMHC's 2018 MUP).



## 1.3 Construction of densified community rental housing

The purpose of this financial assistance is to promote diversification of housing types in onreserve housing supply.

## ELIGIBILITY

Eligible recipients:

- Band Councils;
- First Nations organizations.

To be eligible, a project must:

- Be located on a lot that is serviced or in the process of being serviced (if applicable, it
  must be demonstrated that servicing the lot will not jeopardize the completion of the
  project).
- Projects that are not densification-based (e.g., with respect to the building, lot or other type of densification);

Examples of eligible projects: multi-generational construction, semi-detached, duplex, triplex, quadruplex, tiny houses on densified lots, innovative approaches, etc.

The following are not eligible:

 Construction projects under CMHC's section 95 On-Reserve Non-Profit Housing Program;

Recipients will have to ensure that the project is viable in the long term and that a rental regime is implemented and/or sufficient revenues are allocated to ensure viability. ISC may request proof during the proposal review process.

|    | Community<br>Community<br><u>unit (</u> \$) |        | Community |                        | 1.3 <u>Maximum</u><br>ISC subsidy <mark>1</mark><br>per housing<br>unit (\$) |
|----|---|--------|-----------|------------------------|--|
| 50 | Wendake                                     | 15,000 | 73        | Kitigan Zibi           | 15,000   |
| 51 | Listiguj                                    | 15,000 | 74        | Barriere Lake          | 15,000   |
| 52 | Gesgapegiag                                 | 15,000 | 75        | Mistissini             | 17,000   |
| 55 | Pikogan                                     | 15,000 | 76        | Mashteuiatsh           | 15,000   |
| 56 | Waswanipi                                   | 17,000 | 77        | Wemotaci               | 15,000   |
| 57 | Eastmain                                    | 23,500 | 78        | Manawan                | 15,000   |
| 58 | Chisasibi                                   | 23,500 | 79        | Opitciwan              | 17,000   |
| 59 | Nemaska                                     | 23,500 | 80        | Uashat Mak Mani Utenam | 15,000   |
| 60 | Wemindji                                    | 23,500 | 81        | Kawawachikamach        | 23,500   |
| 61 | Waskaganish                                 | 23,500 | 82        | Ekuanitshit            | 15,000   |
| 63 | Lac Simon                                   | 15,000 | 83        | Natashquan             | 17,000   |
| 64 | Timiskaming                                 | 17,000 | 84        | Unamen Shipu           | 25,000   |
| 65 | Kipawa                                      | 17,000 | 85        | Pessamit               | 15,000   |
| 67 | Long Point                                  | 15,000 | 86        | Essipit                | 15,000   |
| 69 | Kanesatake                                  | 15,000 | 87        | Matimekush             | 23,500   |
| 70 | Kahnawake                                   | 15,000 | 88        | Pakua Shipi            | 25,000   |
| 71 | Wolinak                                     | 15,000 | 89        | Ouje-Bougoumou         | 17,000   |
| 72 | Odanak                                      | 15,000 | 95        | Whapmagoostui          | 27,500   |

Expansion subsidies represent maximum indexed funding (indexing based on a remoteness index calculated according to variances between the geographical areas of CMHC's 2018 MUP). Subsidies may be used as a down payment on a loan.

